

year-old wethers and the two-year-old wethers of last year were sent to the market. In this way, the process cycles. Third, changes of the quantity and the appreciation of the value chain. The lambs, the eliminated sheep, most of the one-year-old wethers and the two-year-old wethers of the last year were sent to the market to produce the direct value. The backup ewes and the backup rams of last year were put into the herds of the ewes for delivery Fourth, the distribution of mutton prices and the appreciation of the value chain.

C. The Formation of the Current Grazing Mode of the Alpine Steppe and Its Factors

The ecological changes affect the biomass and the grazing capacity, and the meteorological rhythm is transmitted from the biomass to the grazing capacity. The grazing mode was formed with the breeding of the ewes as the leading factor, the growth of the lambs as the main line, the back-up ewes and the back-up rams as the driving force, and the benefits of the fat lambs, the wethers and the eliminated sheep as the goal. Its influencing factors and composition overlap with each other and affect the degree and range of the appreciation of the value chain.

CONFLICT OF INTEREST

The author declares no conflict of interest.

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Shengfu Zhang was born in Huangyuan County, Xining City, Qinghai Province, People's Republic of China in November 1965. He received his master's degree in computer application technology from School of Physics, Qinghai Normal University, People's Republic of China in July 2010. His research fields include animal husbandry informatization and data analysis.

He is now a professor at the School of Computer Science, Qinghai University for Nationalities. Published: S. Zhang, "Electronic commerce commodity entity identities based on hierarchical probability model," *Cluster Computing* (1437), article number: 10.1007/s10586-017-1437-8, first online: 9 December 2017; S. Zhang, "Surface biomass monitoring of rotational grazing in alpine grassland based on satellite multi-spectral images," *E3S Web of Conferences*, vol 257, 03051, 2021; H. Sheng, S. Zhang, L. Zuo, *et al.*, "Construction of sheep forage intake estimation models based on sound analysis biosystems engineering," 2020. Professor Zhang used to be Secretary General of Qinghai Higher Education Computer Education Society of the People's Republic of China.